# **Electric Actuators** LEPY/LEPS Series







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LEJS LEJB

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LEPY LEPS

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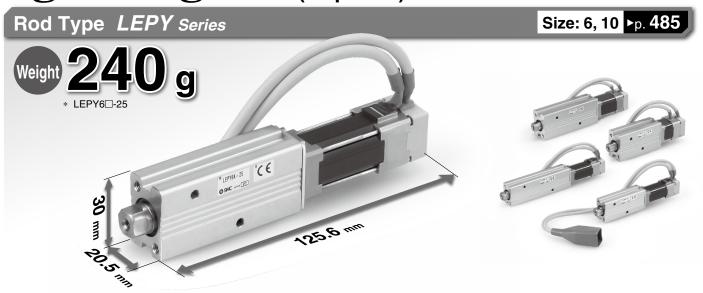
Motorless | LECY□ | LECS□ |

Miniature Rod Type / Miniature Slide Table Type

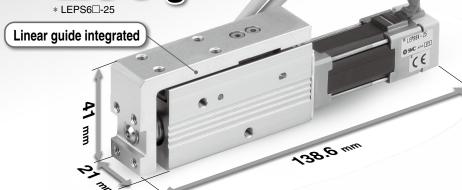
Step Motor (Servo/24 VDC)

# Compact and lightweight

- Maximum pushing force: 50 N
- Positioning repeatability: ±0.05 mm
- Can set position, speed and force (64 points)









Step Motor (Servo/24 VDC) Controllers/Drivers

▶ Step data input type JXC51/61 Series

- 64 positioning points Input using controller
- setting kit or teaching



EtherCAT®/EtherNet/IP™/ PROFINET/DeviceNet™/ IO-Link/CC-Link direct input type JXCE1/91/P1/D1/L1/M1 Series



- Programless type **LECP1** Series
  - 14 positioning points Control panel setting



▶ Pulse input type **LECPA** Series



**⊳**p. 684

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# Compact and lightweight



Slide Table Type LEPS Series



Motor type can be selected to suit the application. (Size 10 only)

• High pushing force type/basic type

Linear guide

Compact and lightweight motor type



**Body mounting** through-hole

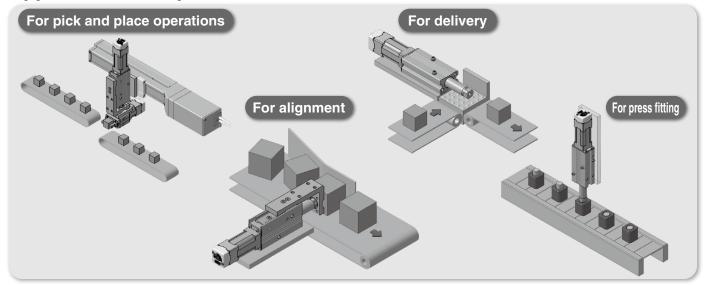
> Manual override screw For rod/table operation Adjustment operation is possible when the power is OFF.

**Body mounting** through-hole

Can be mounted close together



## **Application Examples**

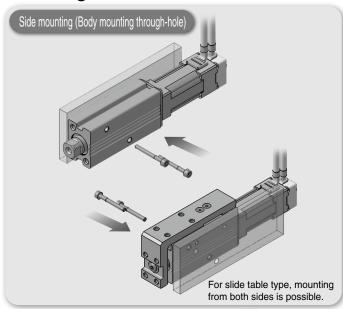


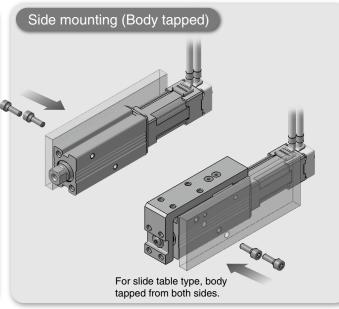
#### **Variations**

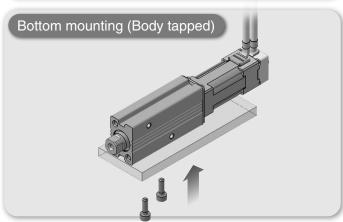
Туре	Size	Screw lead	Pushing	force [N]		k load [kg] contal)		k load [kg] tical)		ed [mm/s] contal)	Stroke	Page
		leau	Basic	Compact	Basic	Compact	Basic	Compact	Basic	Compact	[mm]	
Rod type  LEPY Series	6	4	14 to 20	_	2.0	_	0.5	_	150	_	25 50 75	
	0	8	7 to 10	_	1.0	_	0.25	_	300	_		485
	10	5	25 to 50	24 to 40	6.0	4.0	1.5	1.5	200	200		
		10	12.5 to 25	12 to 20	3.0	2.0	1.0	1.0	350	350		
Slide table type LEPS Series	6	4	14 to 20	_	1.0	_	0.5	_	150	_	25 50	495
		8	7 to 10	_	0.75	_	0.25	_	300	_		
	10	5	25 to 50	24 to 40	2.0	2.0	1.5	1.5	200	200		
	10	10	12.5 to 25	12 to 20	1.5	1.5	1.0	1.0	350	350		

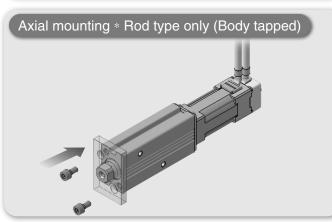
## **Mounting Variations**

## Mounting from various directions



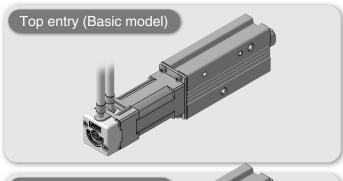


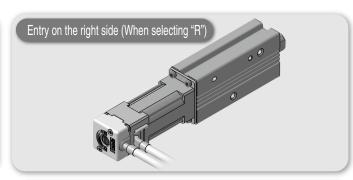


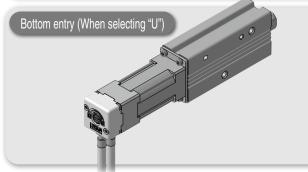


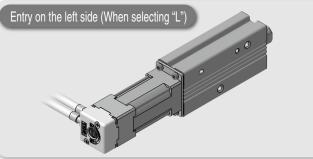
## **Motor Cable Entry Direction**

## Can be selected from 4 directions









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**SMC** 



## Step Motor (Servo/24 VDC)

## Electric Actuator/Miniature Rod Type LEPY Series



Model Selection	p. 485
How to Order	p. 489
Specifications	p. 492
Construction	p. 492
Dimensions	p. 493

Step Motor (Servo/24 VDC)

## Electric Actuator/Miniature Slide Table Type LEPS Series



Model Selection	p. 495
How to Order	p. 501
Specifications	p. 504
Construction	p. 504
Dimensions	p. 505

Specific Product Precautions p. 507

## Step Motor (Servo/24 VDC) Controller



Step Data Input Type/ <i>JXC51/61 series</i> ······EtherCAT®/EtherNet/IP™/PROFINET/DeviceNet™/IO-Link	p. 706-1
Direct Input Type/JXCE1/91/P1/D1/L1 Series	p. 741
Gateway Unit/LEC-G Series	p. 715
Programless Controller/LECP1 Series	·····p. 719
Step Motor Driver/LECPA Series	·
Actuator Cable	·····p. 758
Communication Cable for Controller Setting/ <i>LEC-W2A-</i> □·······	·····p. 760
Teaching Box/ <i>LEC-T1</i>	·····p. 761

## **3-Axis Step Motor Controller**



EtherNet/IP™ Type/*JXC92 Series*·····p. 747

## 4-Axis Step Motor (Servo/24 VDC) Controller



Parallel I/O Type/JXC73/83 Series	p.	749
EtherNet/IP™ Type/ <i>JXC93 series</i>	p.	749

## Miniature Rod Type LEPY Series



## Miniature Slide Table Type LEPS Series



Step Motor/Servo Motor Controller/Driver p.684

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## Step Motor (Servo/24 VDC)

**Electric Actuator/Miniature Rod Type LEPY** Series

## **Model Selection**

LEPY Series ▶ p. 489



## Selection Procedure

## Positioning Control Selection Procedure

Check the work load-speed. (Vertical transfer)



## Selection Example

## Operating conditions

- Workpiece mass: 0.2 [kg]
- •Speed: 200 [mm/s]
- Acceleration/Deceleration: 3000 [mm/s²]
- •Stroke: 40 [mm]
- Workpiece mounting condition: Vertical upward downward transfer

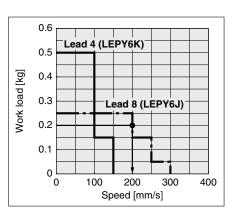


### Step 1 Check the work load-speed. <Speed-Work load graph>

Select a model based on the workpiece mass and speed while referencing the speed-work load graph.

Selection example) The LEPY6J can be temporarily selected as a possible candidate based on the graph shown on the right side.

It is necessary to mount a guide outside the actuator when used for horizontal transfer. When selecting the target model, refer to page 380 for the horizontal work load in the specifications, and page 492 for the precautions.



<Speed-Work load graph> (LEPY6/Step motor)

#### Step 2 Check the cycle time.

Calculate the cycle time using the following calculation method.

#### Cycle time:

T can be found from the following equation.

•T1: Acceleration time and T3: Deceleration time can be found by the following equation.

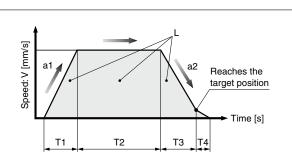
•T2: Constant speed time can be found from the following equation.

$$T2 = \frac{L - 0.5 \cdot V \cdot (T1 + T3)}{V}$$
 [s]

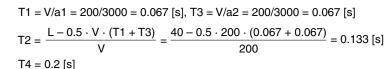
•T4: Settling time varies depending on the conditions such as motor types, load, and in position of the step data. Therefore, calculate the settling time while referencing the following value.

#### Calculation example)

T1 to T4 can be calculated as follows.



- L : Stroke [mm] ... (Operating condition)
- V : Speed [mm/s] ... (Operating condition)
- a1: Acceleration [mm/s<sup>2</sup>] ··· (Operating condition)
- a2: Deceleration [mm/s<sup>2</sup>] ··· (Operating condition)
- T1: Acceleration time [s]  $\cdots$  Time until reaching the set speed
- T2: Constant speed time [s] ... Time while the actuator is operating at a constant speed
- T3: Deceleration time [s] ... Time from the beginning of the constant speed operation to stop
- T4: Settling time [s] ... Time until positioning is completed



The cycle time can be found as follows.

$$T = T1 + T2 + T3 + T4 = 0.067 + 0.133 + 0.067 + 0.2 = 0.467$$
 [s]



## **Selection Procedure**

## **Pushing Control Selection Procedure**





Check the lateral load on the rod end.

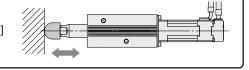
\* The duty ratio is a ratio of the operation time in one cycle.

## Selection Example

## Operating conditions

- Mounting condition: Horizontal (pushing)
- Attachment weight: 0.05 [kg]
- Pushing force: 30 [N]

- Duty ratio: 70 [%]
- •Speed: 150 [mm/s]
- •Stroke: 40 [mm]



Pushing control

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**Duty ratio = A/B x 100 [%]** 

В

## Step 1 Check the duty ratio.

## <Conversion table of pushing force-duty ratio>

Select the [Pushing force] from the duty ratio while referencing the conversion table of pushing force-duty ratio.

Selection example)

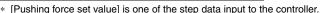
Based on the table below,

• Duty ratio: 70 [%]

The pushing force set value will be 80 [%].

#### <Conversion table of pushing force-duty ratio> (LEPY10L)

Pushing force set value [%]	Duty ratio [%]	Continuous pushing time [min]
70 or less	100	_
80	70	10
100	50	5



<sup>[</sup>Continuous pushing time] is the time that the actuator can continuously keep pushing.

## Step 2 Check the pushing force.

#### <Pushing force set value-Force graph>

Select a model based on the pushing force set value and force while referencing the pushing force set value-force graph.

Selection example)

Based on the graph shown on the right side,

- Pushing force set value: 75 [%]
- Pushing force: 30 [N]

The **LEPY10LK** can be temporarily selected as a possible candidate.

### 50 40 Lead 5 (LEPY10LK) 30 Force [N] 20 ead 10 (LEPY10LJ) 10 60% 70% 75% 80% 90% 100% Pushing force set value [%]

<Pushing force set value-Force graph> (LEPY10L)

## Step 3 Check the lateral load on the rod end.

## <Allowable lateral load on the rod end>

Confirm the allowable lateral load on the rod end of the actuator:

LEPY10L, which has been selected temporarily while referencing the allowable lateral load on the rod end.

Selection example)

Based on the table below,

Attachment weight: 0.05 [kg] ≈ 0.5 [N]

The lateral load on the rod end is within the allowable range.

### <Allowable lateral load on the rod end>

	Model	Allowable lateral load on the rod end [N]
	LEPY6 (Basic)	0.50
	LEPY10 (Basic)	1.0
	LEPY10L (Compact)	1.0

Based on the above calculation result, the LEPY10LK-50 should be selected.

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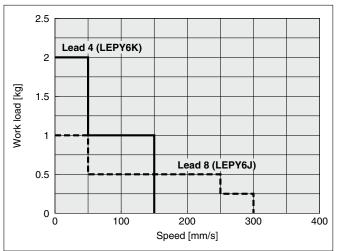


## Speed-Work Load Graph (Guide)

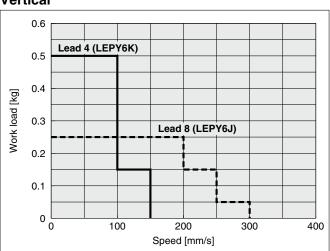
\* The following graphs show the values when moving force is 150%.

## LEPY6 (Basic)

#### Horizontal

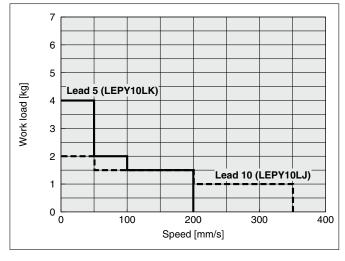


#### Vertical

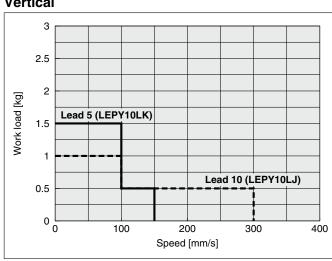


## LEPY10L (Motor size: Compact)

## Horizontal

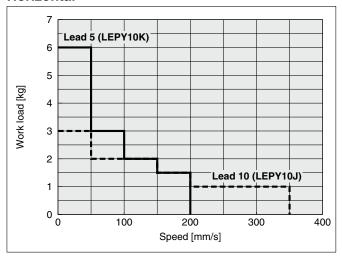


#### **Vertical**

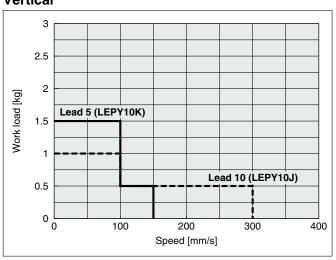


## LEPY10 (Motor size: Basic)

## Horizontal



## Vertical



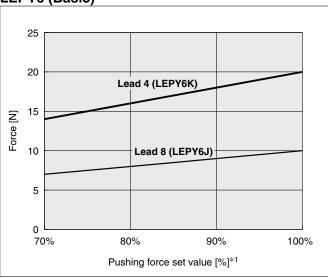
The maximum value of the work load for the positioning operation. An external guide is necessary to support the load. The actual work load and transfer speed change according to the condition of the external guide.





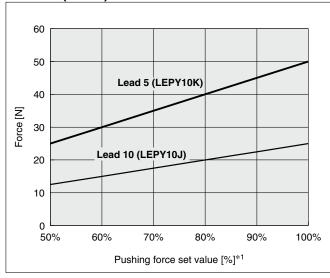
## Pushing Force Set Value-Force Graph (Guide)

## LEPY6 (Basic)



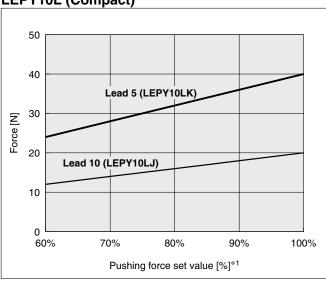
Pushing force set value [%]	Duty ratio [%]	Continuous pushing time [min]
70	100	_
80	70	10
100	50	5

## LEPY10 (Basic)



Pushing force set value [%]	Duty ratio [%]	Continuous pushing time [min]
60 or less	100	_
70	30	3
100	15	1

## LEPY10L (Compact)

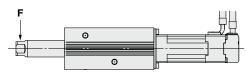


Pushing force set value [%]	Duty ratio [%]	Continuous pushing time [min]
70 or less	100	_
80	70	10
100	50	5

<sup>\*1</sup> Set values for the controller

## Allowable Lateral Load on the Rod End

Model	Allowable lateral load on the rod end [N]	
LEPY6 (Basic)	0.50	
LEPY10 (Basic)	1.0	
LEPY10L (Compact)	1.0	



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Step Motor (Servo/24 VDC)

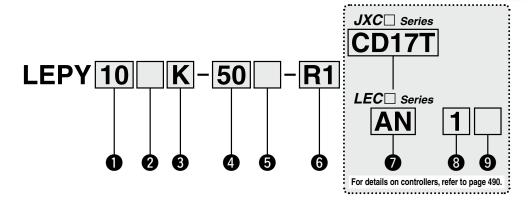
# **Electric Actuator Miniature Rod Type**

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LEPY Series LEPY6, 10

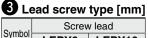
(RoHS)

## **How to Order**





<b>2</b> Motor size				
Symbol	Motor size	Applicable size		
Nil	Basic	6, 10		
L	Compact	10		

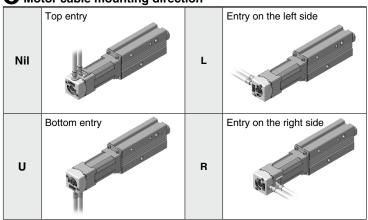


		-)   - []			
0	Screw lead				
Symbol	LEPY6	LEPY10			
K	4	5			
J	8	10			

## 4 Stroke [mm]

Symbol	Stroke
25	25
50	50
75	75

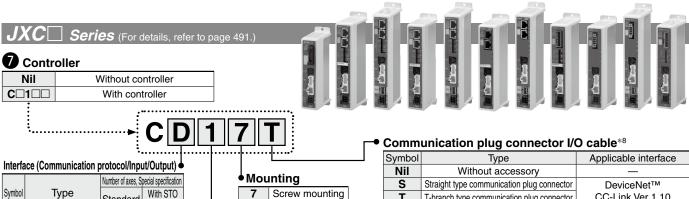
## **5** Motor cable mounting direction



## 6 Actuator cable type/length\*2

tandard cable [m]		F	Robotic	cable		[m]
Nil	None		R1	1.5	RA	10*1
S1	1.5		R3	3	RB	15* <sup>1</sup>
S3	3		R5	5	RC	20*1
<b>Q</b> E	5		DQ	Ω*1		





		Number of axes, Special specification			
Symbol	Туре	Standard	With STO sub-function		
	D		Sub-lulicilott		
5	Parallel input (NPN)	•			
6	Parallel input (PNP)				
Е	EtherCAT	•	•		
9	EtherNet/IP™	•	•		
Р	PROFINET	•	•		
D	DeviceNet®	•			
L	IO-Link	•	•		
M	CC-Link	•			

• Mounting				
7	Screw mounting			
<b>8</b> *7	DIN rail			

Number of axes, Special specification							
Symbol	Number of axes	Specification					
1	Single axis	Standard					
_	Single axis	With STO					
F	Siriyie axis	sub-function					

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Symbol	Type	Applicable interfac
Nil	Without accessory	_
S	Straight type communication plug connector	DeviceNet™
Т	T-branch type communication plug connector	CC-Link Ver 1.10
1	I/O cable (1.5 m)	

I/O cable (3 m)

I/O cable (5 m)

Parallel input (NPN) Parallel input (PNP)

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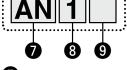
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## Controller/Driver type\*3

Nil	Without controller/driver				
1N	LECP1	NPN			
1P	(Programless type)	PNP			
AN	LECPA*4	NPN			
AP	(Pulse input type)	PNP			



Nil	Without cable (Without communication plug connecto				
1	1.5 m				
3	3 m*6				
5	5 m* <sup>6</sup>				

## Controller/Driver mounting

_		
	Nil	Screw mounting
	D	DIN rail*7

- \*1 Produced upon receipt of order (Robotic cable only)
- \*2 The standard cable should only be used on fixed parts. For use on moving parts, select the robotic cable. Refer to page 758 if only the actuator cable is required.
- \*3 For details on controllers/drivers and compatible motors, refer to the compatible controllers/drivers on the next page.
- \*4 When pulse signals are open collector, order the current limiting resistor (LEC-PA-R-□) on page 736 separately.
- \*5 When "Without controller/driver" is selected for controller/driver types, I/O cable cannot be selected. Refer to page 724 (For LECP1), or page 736 (For LECPA) if I/O cable is required.
- \*6 When "Pulse input type" is selected for controller/driver types, pulse input usable only with differential. Only 1.5 m cables usable with open collector
- The DIN rail is not included. It must be ordered separately.
- \*8 Select "Nil" for anything other than DeviceNet™, CC-Link, or parallel input.

Select "Nil," "S," or "T" for DeviceNet™ or CC-Link. Select "Nil," "1," "3," or "5" for parallel input.

#### **∕** Caution

## [CE-compliant products]

1) EMC compliance was tested by combining the electric actuator LEP series and the controller LEC/JXC series.

The EMC depends on the configuration of the customer's control panel and the relationship with other electrical equipment and wiring. Therefore, compliance with the EMC directive cannot be certified for SMC components incorporated into the customer's equipment under actual operating conditions. As a result, it is necessary for the customer to verify compliance with the EMC directive for the machinery and equipment as a whole.

## [UL-compliant products (For the LEC series)]

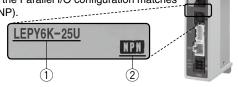
When compliance with UL is required, the electric actuator and controller/ driver should be used with a UL1310 Class 2 power supply.

## The actuator and controller/driver are sold as a package.

Confirm that the combination of the controller/driver and the actuator is correct.

#### <Check the following before use.>

- 1) Check the actuator label for the model number. This number should match that of the controller/driver.
- 2 Check that the Parallel I/O configuration matches (NPN or PNP).



Refer to the Operation Manual for using the products. Please download it via our website: https://www.smcworld.com





## **Compatible Controllers/Drivers**

Step data input type  Type		Programless type	Pulse input type		
Series	JXC51 JXC61	LECP1	LECPA		
Features	Parallel I/O	Capable of setting up operation (step data) without using a PC or teaching box	Operation by pulse signals		
Compatible motor		Step motor (Servo/24 VDC)			
Max. number of step data	64 points	14 points	_		
Power supply voltage		24 VDC			
Reference page	706-1	719	731		

Туре	EtherCAT direct input type	EtherCAT direct input type with STO sub-function	EtherNet/IP™ direct input type	EtherNet/IP™ direct input type with STO sub-function	PROFINET direct input type	PROFINET direct input type with STO sub-function	DeviceNet® direct input type	IO-Link direct input type	IO-Link direct input type with STO sub-function	CC-Link direct input type
Coning		JXCEF	IXCO1		IXCD1	IXCDE	IXCD1	IXCL		IVOM
Series	JXCE1	EtherCAT direct	JXC91	JXC9F EtherNet/IP™ direct	JXCP1	JXCPF PROFINET direct	JXCD1	JXCL1	JXCLF IO-Link direct	JXCM1
Features	EtherCAT direct input	input with STO sub-function	EtherNet/IP™ direct input	input with STO sub-function	PROFINET direct input	input with STO sub-function	DeviceNet® direct input	IO-Link direct input	input with STO sub-function	CC-Link direct input
Compatible motor		Step motor (Servo/24 VDC)								
Max. number of step data		64 points								
Power supply voltage		24 VDC								
Reference page		741								

## **Specifications**



## Weight

Model	LEPY6
Stroke [mm]	25 50 75
Product weight [kg] Basic	0.24 0.29 0.34

Mod	Model			0
Stroke [mm]	Stroke [mm]			75
Product	Basic	0.47	0.55	0.65
weight [kg]	Compact	0.41	0.49	0.59

	Model		LEI	PY6	LEF	Y10		
	Screw lead [mm]		4	8	5	10		
	Pushing force [N]*1 *6		Basic	14 to 20	7 to 10	25 to 50	12.5 to 25	
			Compact	_	_	24 to 40	12 to 20	
	Horizon		Basic	2.0	1.0	6.0	3.0	
	Work load	norizoniai	Compact	_	_	4.0	2.0	
	[kg]* <sup>2</sup> * <sup>3</sup> * <sup>6</sup>	Vertical	Basic	0.5	0.25	1.5	1.0	
<b>,</b> (		vertical	Compact	_	_	1.5	1.0	
Sü		Horizontal	Basic	10 to 150	20 to 300*4	10 to 200	20 to 350*4	
atie	Speed	HUHZUHIAI	Compact	_	_	10 to 200	20 to 350*4	
specifications	[mm/s]*3 *6	Vertical	Basic	10 to 150	20 to 300*4	10 to 150	20 to 300*4	
ec			Compact	_	_	10 to 150	20 to 300*4	
g	Pushing speed			10	20	10	20	
Actuator	Acceleration/De	ecelerat	ion [mm/s²]	3000				
E L	Backlash [mm]			0.2 or less				
Act	Positioning rep		ty [mm]	±0.05				
	Lost motion [m			0.2 or less				
	Impact/Vibration	resistan	ce [m/s²]*8	50/20				
	Actuation type				Slide			
	Guide type			Sliding bushing				
	Max. operating	<del></del>	<del></del>	60				
	Operating temp			5 to 40				
	Operating humi	idity rar	ige [%RH]		0 or less (No		<del>,</del>	
ဖ	Motor size			□20 □28				
ွင့်	S Motor type		;	Step motor (S		;)		
Electric specifications	Encoder			Incren				
음등	Power supply voltage [V]			24 VDC				
Spe	Power [W]*9		Basic	Max. po	ower 22		ower 55	
	4. []		Compact	_	_	Max. p	ower 45	

- \*1 Pushing force accuracy is LEPY6: ±30% (F.S.), LEPY10: ±25% (F.S.).

  Refer to pages 508 and 509 for the detailed setting range and precautions.

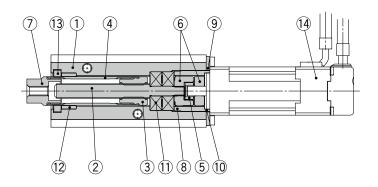
  The pushing force and the duty ratio change according to the set value. Check the "Pushing Force Set Value–Force
- Graph (Guide)" on page 488 and [14] on page 509.

  \*2 The maximum value of the work load for the positioning operation. An external guide is necessary to support the load. The actual work load and transfer speed change according to the condition of the external guide.

  \*3 Speed changes according to the work load. Check the "Speed–Work Load Graph (Guide)" on page 487.
- \*4 When the stroke is 25 mm, the maximum speed will be 250 mm/s.
- \*5 Set to the pushing speed when pushing operation.
- \*6 The speed and force may change depending on the cable length, load and mounting conditions. Furthermore, if the cable length exceeds 5 m, then it will decrease by up to 10% for each 5 m. (At 15 m: Reduced by up to 20%)

  \*7 A reference value for correcting an error in reciprocal operation
- \*8 Impact resistance: No malfunction occurred when the actuator was tested with a drop tester in both an axial direction and a perpendicular direction to the lead screw. (The test was performed with the actuator in the initial state.) Vibration resistance: No malfunction occurred in a test ranging between 45 to 2000 Hz. The test was performed in both an axial direction and a perpendicular direction to the lead screw. (The test was performed with the actuator in the initial state.)
- \*9 Indicates the max. power during operation (including the controller) This value can be used for the selection of the power supply.

## Construction



## **Component Parts**

No.	Description	Material	Note
1	Body	Aluminum alloy	Anodized
2	Screw shaft	Stainless steel	Heat treatment + Special treatment
3	Screw nut	Stainless steel	Heat treatment + Special treatment
4	Rod	Stainless steel	
5	Spider	NBR	
6	Hub	Aluminum alloy	
7	Socket	Free cutting carbon steel	Nickel plating
8	Bearing stenner	Size 6: Aluminum alloy	
۰	Bearing stopper	Size 10: Carbon steel	
9	Motor plate	Aluminum alloy	Anodized
10	Guide ring	Aluminum alloy	Size 10 only
11	Bearing	_	
12	Bushing	Bearing alloy	
13	Soft wiper	_	
14	Step motor (Servo/24 VDC)	_	



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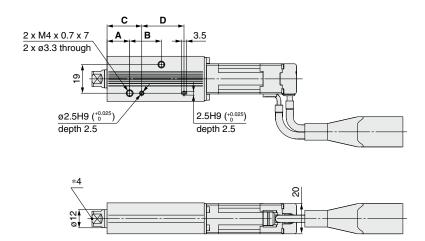
11-LEFS 11-LEJS

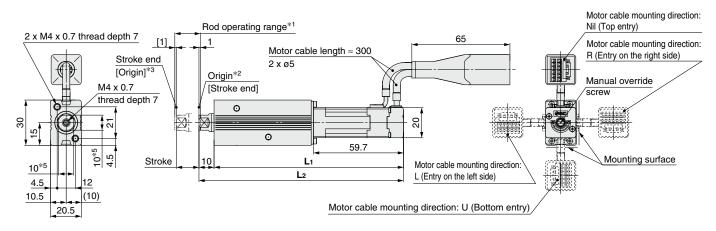
25A-

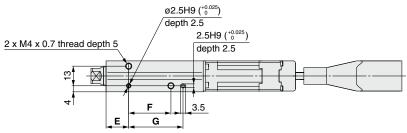


## **Dimensions**

## LEPY6







- \*1 This is the range within which the rod can move when it returns to origin.

  Make sure workpieces mounted on the rod do not interfere with the workpieces and facilities around the rod.
- \*2 Position after returning to origin
- \*3 [ ] for when the direction of return to origin has changed
- \*4 Do not apply rotational torque to the rod end.
- \*5 The direction of rod end width across flats ( $\Box 10$ ) differs depending on the products.

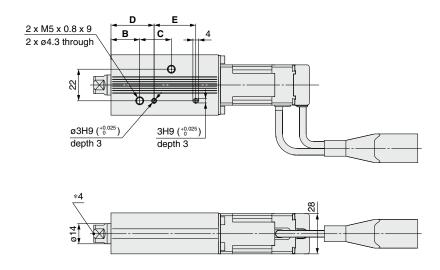
Dimensions									[mm]
Model	L <sub>1</sub>	L2	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G
LEPY6□-25□	125.6	135.6	15	21	23	28	15	28	36
LEPY6□-50□	156.6	166.6	22	45	30	52	22	52	60
LEPY6□-75□	188.6	198.6	29	70	37	77	29	77	85

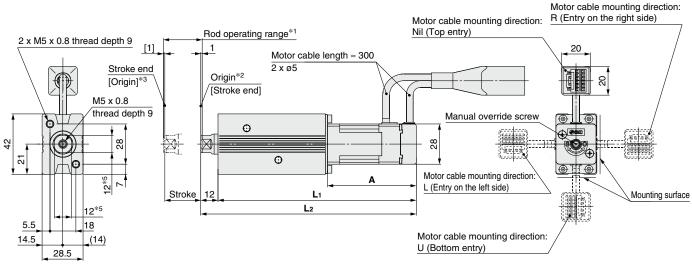


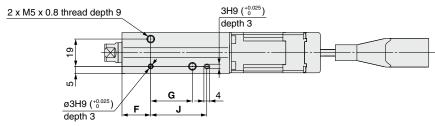
## Electric Actuator Miniature Rod Type LEPY Series Step Motor (Servo/24 VDC)

## **Dimensions**

## LEPY10







- \*1 This is the range within which the rod can move when it returns to origin. Make sure workpieces mounted on the rod do not interfere with the workpieces and facilities around the rod.
- \*2 Position after returning to origin
- \*3 [ ] for when the direction of return to origin has changed
- \*4 Do not apply rotational torque to the rod end.
- \*5 The direction of rod end width across flats (□12) differs depending on the products.

Dimensions										[mm]
Model	L <sub>1</sub>	L2	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	J
LEPY10□-25□	138	150		20	22	30	29	20	29	39
LEPY10□-50□	163	175	61.8	24	43	34	50	24	50	60
LEPY10□-75□	198	210		30	72	40	79	30	79	89
LEPY10L□-25□	124	136		20	22	30	29	20	29	39
LEPY10L□-50□	149	161	47.8	24	43	34	50	24	50	60
LEPY10L□-75□	184	196		30	72	40	79	30	79	89

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JXC

Motorless | LECY□ | LECS□ | LAT3

## Step Motor (Servo/24 VDC)

## Electric Actuator/Miniature Slide Table Type *LEPS Series*

## **Model Selection**

LEPS Series ▶ p. 501



## **Selection Procedure**

## **Positioning Control Selection Procedure**

Step 1 Check the work load-speed. (Horizontal transfer)

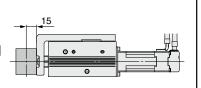
Step 2 Check the cycle time.



## Selection Example

# Operating conditions

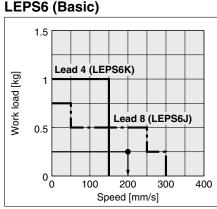
- •Workpiece mass: 0.25 [kg]
- •Speed: 200 [mm/s]
- Acceleration/Deceleration: 3000 [mm/s<sup>2</sup>]
- •Stroke: 20 [mm]
- Workpiece mounting condition: Horizontal transfer



## Step 1 Check the work load-speed. <Speed-Work load graph>

Select a model based on the workpiece mass and speed while referencing the speed—work load graph.

Selection example) The **LEPS6J** can be temporarily selected as a possible candidate based on the graph shown on the right side.



<Speed-Work load graph>
(LEPS6/Step motor)

## Step 2 Check the cycle time.

Calculate **the cycle time** using the following calculation method.

#### Cycle time:

T can be found from the following equation.

•T1: Acceleration time and T3: Deceleration time can be found by the following equation.

•T2: Constant speed time can be found from the following equation.

$$T2 = \frac{L - 0.5 \cdot V \cdot (T1 + T3)}{V}$$
 [s]

•T4: Settling time varies depending on the conditions such as motor types, load and in position of the step data. Therefore, calculate the settling time while referencing the following value.

$$T4 = 0.2 [s]$$



#### Calculation example)

T1 to T4 can be calculated as follows.

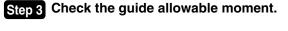
$$T1 = V/a1 = 200/3000 = 0.067$$
 [s],  $T3 = V/a2 = 200/3000 = 0.067$  [s]

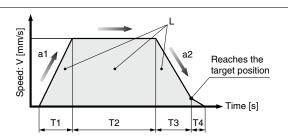
$$T2 = \frac{L - 0.5 \cdot V \cdot (T1 + T3)}{V} = \frac{20 - 0.5 \cdot 200 \cdot (0.067 + 0.067)}{200} = 0.033 [s]$$

T4 = 0.2 [s]

The cycle time can be found as follows.

$$T = T1 + T2 + T3 + T4 = 0.067 + 0.033 + 0.067 + 0.2 = 0.367 [s]$$





L: Stroke [mm] ··· (Operating condition)

V: Speed [mm/s] ··· (Operating condition)

a1: Acceleration [mm/s<sup>2</sup>] ··· (Operating condition)

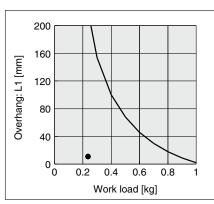
a2: Deceleration [mm/s<sup>2</sup>] ··· (Operating condition)

T1: Acceleration time [s] ... Time until reaching the set speed

T2: Constant speed time [s] ··· Time while the actuator is operating at a constant speed

T3: Deceleration time [s] ··· Time from the beginning of the constant speed operation to stop

T4: Settling time [s] ··· Time until positioning is completed



Guide allowable moment

Based on the above calculation result, the LEPS6J-25 should be selected.



## **Selection Procedure**

## **Pushing Control Selection Procedure**





Check the guide allowable moment.

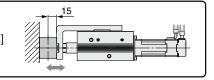
The duty ratio is a ratio of the operation time in one cycle.

## Selection Example

## Operating conditions

- Mounting condition: Horizontal (pushing)
- Attachment weight: 0.4 [kg]
- Pushing force: 30 [N]

- Duty ratio: 70 [%]
- •Speed: 150 [mm/s]
- •Stroke: 40 [mm]



## Step 1 Check the duty ratio.

### <Conversion table of pushing force-duty ratio>

Select the [Pushing force] from the duty ratio while referencing the conversion table of pushing force-duty ratio.

Selection example)

Based on the table below,

• Duty ratio: 70 [%]

The pushing force set value will be 80 [%].

#### <Conversion table of pushing force-duty ratio> (LEPS10L)

Pushing force set value [%]	Duty ratio [%]	Continuous pushing time [min]
70 or less	100	_
80	70	10
100	50	5
	•	

- [Pushing force set value] is one of the step data input to the controller.
- [Continuous pushing time] is the time that the actuator can continuously keep pushing.

## Step 2 Check the pushing force.

## <Pushing force set value-Force graph>

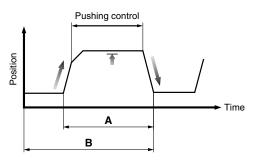
Select a model based on the pushing force set value and force while referencing the pushing force set value-force graph.

Selection example)

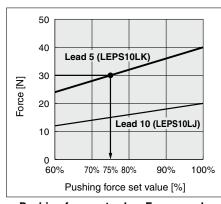
Based on the graph shown on the right side,

- Pushing force set value: 75 [%]
- Pushing force: 30 [N]

The **LEPS10LK** can be temporarily selected as a possible candidate.

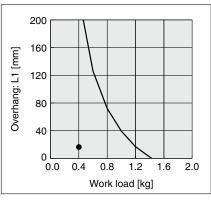


**Duty ratio = A/B x 100 [%]** 



<Pushing force set value-Force graph> (LEPS10L)

## Step 3 Check the guide allowable moment.



Based on the above calculation result, the LEPS10LK-50 should be selected.



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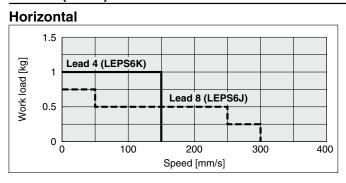
Motorless LAT3

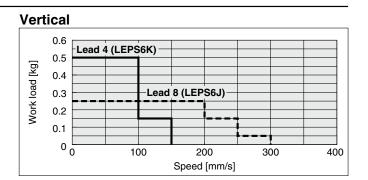


## Speed-Work Load Graph (Guide)

\* The following graphs show the values when moving force is 150%.

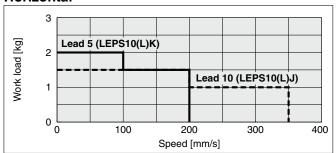
## LEPS6 (Basic)



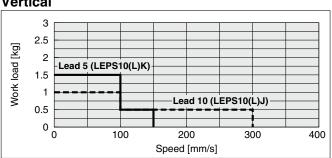


## LEPS10(L) (Motor size: Basic/Compact)

#### Horizontal

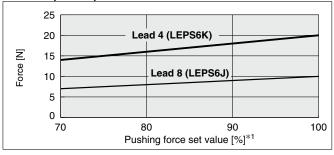


#### Vertical



## Pushing Force Set Value-Force Graph (Guide)

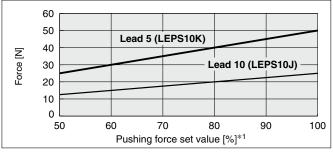
## LEPS6 (Basic)



Pushing force set value [%]	Duty ratio [%]	Continuous pushing time [min]
70	100	_
80	70	10
100	50	5

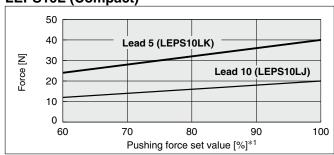
\*1 Set values for the controller

## LEPS10 (Basic)



Pushing force set value [%]	Duty ratio [%]	Continuous pushing time [min]
60 or less	100	_
70	30	3
100	15	1

## LEPS10L (Compact)



Pushing force set value [%]	Duty ratio [%]	Continuous pushing time [min]
70 or less	100	_
80	70	10
100	50	5

# Model Selection LEPS Series Step Motor (Servo/24 VDC)

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11-LEJS

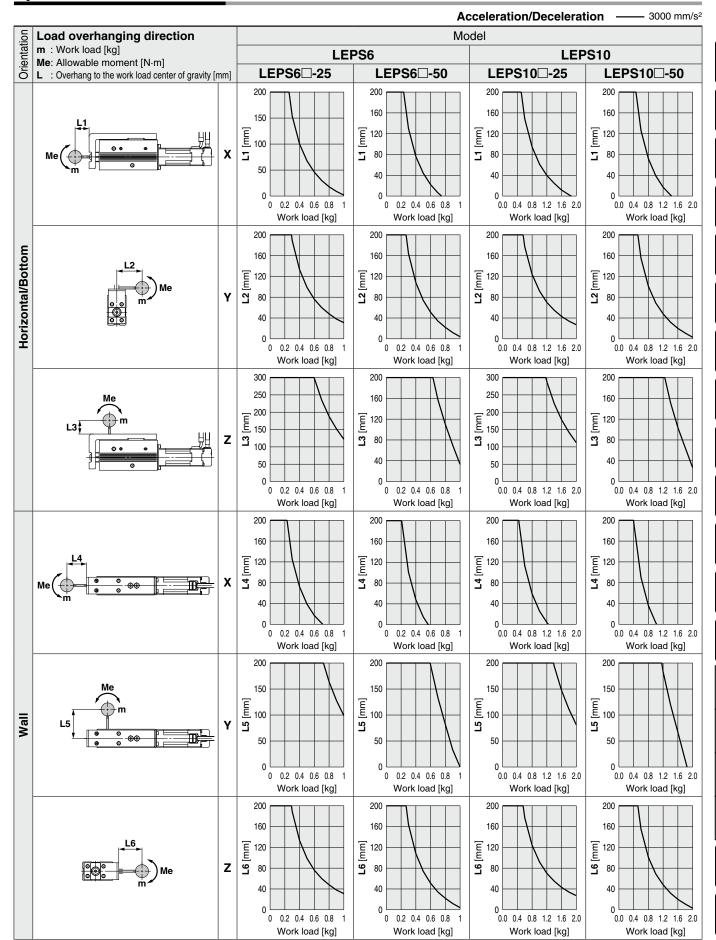
25A-

LECS□ JXC□

Motorless | LECY□

## **Dynamic Allowable Moment**

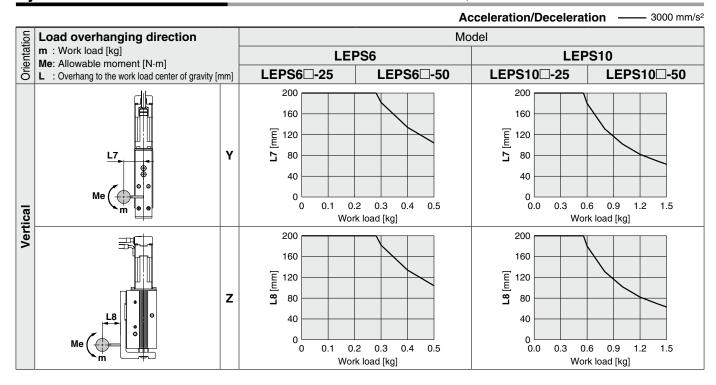
\* This graph shows the amount of allowable overhang (guide unit) when the center of gravity of the workpiece overhangs in one direction. When selecting the overhang, refer to the Electric Actuator Model Selection Software for confirmation: https://www.smcworld.com





## **Dynamic Allowable Moment**

\* This graph shows the amount of allowable overhang (guide unit) when the center of gravity of the workpiece overhangs in one direction. When selecting the overhang, refer to the Electric Actuator Model Selection Software for confirmation: https://www.smcworld.com





## Static Allowable Moment

	Allowable moment [N·m]				
Model	Pitch moment	Yaw moment	Roll moment		
	Мр	Му	Mr		
LEPS6	1.07	1.07	2.51		
LEPS10	2.55	2.55	5.47		

## Traveling Parallelism

- ·	Stroke [mm]				
Traveling parallelism	25	50			
parallelisiti	0.05 mm or less	0.1 mm or less			

## Table Deflection (Reference Value)

\* These values are initial guideline values.

Table displacement due to pitch moment load (marked with the arrow)

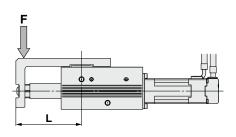


Table displacement due to yaw moment load (marked with the arrow)

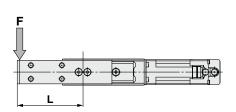
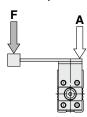


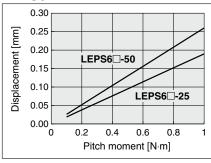
Table displacement due to roll moment load (marked with A)



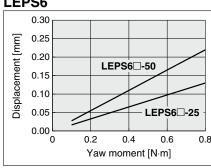
Distance L [mm]

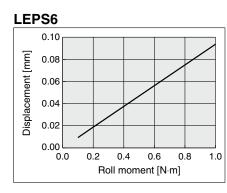
Model	LE	PS6	LEP	S10
Stroke [mm]	25	50	25	50
Distance L [mm]	53.0	77.0	59.5	82.0

#### LEPS6

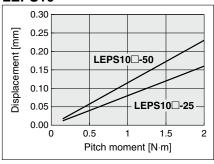


#### LEPS6

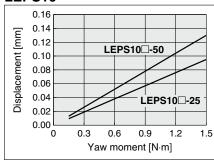


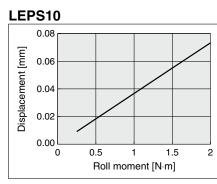


#### LEPS10



#### LEPS10





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LECY Motorless LAT3

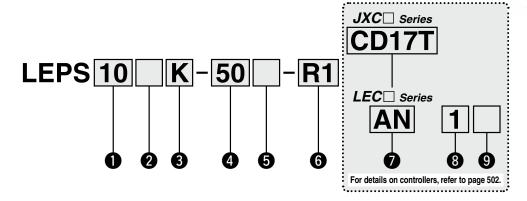
# **Electric Actuator** Miniature Slide Table Type ( € 1912) us

LEPS Series LEPS6, 10



(RoHS)

## **How to Order**





Motor size					
Symbol	Motor size	Applicable size			
Nil	Basic	6, 10			
L	Compact	10			

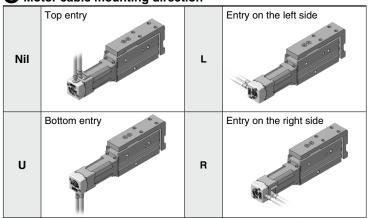


Cumbal	Screw lead		
Symbol	LEPS6	LEPS10	
K	4	5	
J	8	10	



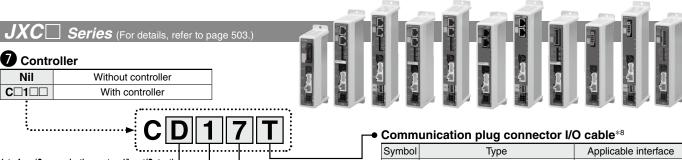
Symbol	Stroke
25	25
50	50

## 5 Motor cable mounting direction



## 6 Actuator cable type/length\*2

tandard cable [m]		Robotic	cable		[n
Nil	None	R1	1.5	RA	10* <sup>1</sup>
S1	1.5	R3	3	RB	15* <sup>1</sup>
S3	3	R5	5	RC	20*1
S5	5	R8	8*1		



Interface (Communication protocol/Input/Output)

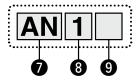
		Number of axes, Special specification		
Symbol	Symbol Type [	Standard	With STO	
		Stariuaru	sub-function	
5	Parallel input (NPN)	•		
6	Parallel input (PNP)	•		
Е	EtherCAT	•	•	
9	EtherNet/IP™	•	•	
Р	PROFINET	•	•	
D	DeviceNet®	•		
L	IO-Link	•	•	
М	CC-Link	•		

Mounting Screw mounting DIN rail

Number of axes, Special specification				
Symbol Number of axes   Specification				
1 Single axis		Standard		
F	Cinalo ovio	With STO		
Г	Single axis	sub-function		

Symbol	Туре	Applicable interface	
Nil	Without accessory —		
S	Straight type communication plug connector	DeviceNet™ CC-Link Ver 1.10	
Т	T-branch type communication plug connector		
1	I/O cable (1.5 m)		
3	I/O cable (3 m)	Parallel input (NPN) Parallel input (PNP)	
5	I/O cable (5 m)	r araller input (i 14i )	

**Series** (For details, refer to page 503





Nil	Without controller/driver	
1N	N LECP1	
1P	(Programless type)	PNP
AN	LECPA*4	NPN
AP	(Pulse input type)	PNP



Nil	Without cable (Without communication plug connector)
1	1.5 m
3	3 m*6
5	5 m*6



Nil	Screw mounting
D	DIN rail*7

- \*1 Produced upon receipt of order (Robotic cable only)
- \*2 The standard cable should only be used on fixed parts. For use on moving parts, select the robotic cable. Refer to page 758 if only the actuator cable is required.
- \*3 For details on controllers/drivers and compatible motors, refer to the compatible controllers/drivers on the next page.
- \*4 When pulse signals are open collector, order the current limiting resistor (LEC-PA-R-□) on page 736 separately.
- \*5 When "Without controller/driver" is selected for controller/driver types, I/O cable cannot be selected. Refer to page 724 (For LECP1), or page 736 (For LECPA) if I/O cable is required.
- \*6 When "Pulse input type" is selected for controller/driver types, pulse input usable only with differential. Only 1.5 m cables usable with open collector
- The DIN rail is not included. It must be ordered separately.
- \*8 Select "Nil" for anything other than DeviceNet™, CC-Link, or parallel input.

Select "Nil," "S," or "T" for DeviceNet™ or CC-Link. Select "Nil," "1," "3," or "5" for parallel input.

#### **∕** Caution

## [CE-compliant products]

1) EMC compliance was tested by combining the electric actuator LEP series and the controller LEC/JXC series.

The EMC depends on the configuration of the customer's control panel and the relationship with other electrical equipment and wiring. Therefore, compliance with the EMC directive cannot be certified for SMC components incorporated into the customer's equipment under actual operating conditions. As a result, it is necessary for the customer to verify compliance with the EMC directive for the machinery and equipment as a whole.

## [UL-compliant products (For the LEC series)]

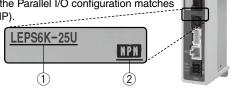
When compliance with UL is required, the electric actuator and controller/ driver should be used with a UL1310 Class 2 power supply.

## The actuator and controller/driver are sold as a package.

Confirm that the combination of the controller/driver and the actuator is correct.

## <Check the following before use.>

- 1 Check the actuator label for the model number. This number should match that of the controller/driver.
- 2 Check that the Parallel I/O configuration matches (NPN or PNP).



Refer to the Operation Manual for using the products. Please download it via our website: https://www.smcworld.com



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## **Compatible Controllers/Drivers**

Туре	Step data input type	Programless type	Pulse input type			
Series	JXC51 JXC61	LECP1	LECPA			
Features	Parallel I/O	Capable of setting up operation (step data) without using a PC or teaching box	Operation by pulse signals			
Compatible motor		Step motor (Servo/24 VDC)				
Max. number of step data	64 points	14 points	_			
Power supply voltage		24 VDC				
Reference page	706-1	719	731			

	EtherCAT direct input type	EtherCAT direct input type with STO sub-function	EtherNet/IP™ direct input type	EtherNet/IP™ direct input type with STO sub-function	PROFINET direct input type	PROFINET direct input type with STO sub-function	DeviceNet® direct input type	IO-Link direct input type	IO-Link direct input type with STO sub-function	CC-Link direct input type
Туре							DECOMA SIMILAR COLLANS	Ema Control		
Series	JXCE1	JXCEF	JXC91	JXC9F	JXCP1	JXCPF	JXCD1	JXCL1	JXCLF	JXCM1
Features	EtherCAT direct input	EtherCAT direct input with STO sub-function	EtherNet/IP™ direct input	EtherNet/IP™ direct input with STO sub-function	PROFINET direct input	PROFINET direct input with STO sub-function	DeviceNet® direct input	IO-Link direct input	IO-Link direct input with STO sub-function	CC-Link direct input
Compatible motor					Step (Servo/2	motor 24 VDC)				
Max. number of step data					64 p	oints				
Power supply voltage		24 VDC								
Reference page					74	11				

## **Specifications**



Weight	

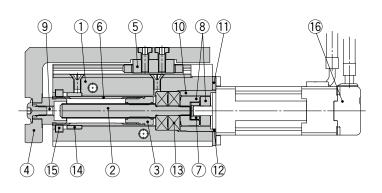
Model	LEPS6		
Stroke [mm]	25	50	
Product weight [kg] Basic	0.29	0.35	

Mod	Model				
Stroke [mm]	25	50			
Product	Basic	0.56	0.65		
weight [kg]	Compact	0.50	0.59		

_						1.50040		
Model				PS6		PS10		
	Screw lead [mm	1]		4	8	5	10	
	Pushing force		Basic	14 to 20	7 to 10	25 to 50	12.5 to 25	
	[N]*1 *6		Compact	_	_	24 to 40	12 to 20	
		Horizontal	Basic	1.0	0.75	2.0	1.5	
	Work load	Horizoniai	Compact	_	_	2.0	1.5	
	[kg]* <sup>2</sup> * <sup>3</sup> * <sup>6</sup>	Vertical	Basic	0.5	0.25	1.5	1.0	
<b> </b>		vertical	Compact	_	_	1.5	1.0	
l si		Horizontal	Basic	10 to 150	20 to 300*4	10 to 200	20 to 350*4	
läi∣	Speed	nonzoniai	Compact	_	_	10 to 200	20 to 350*4	
ij	[mm/s]*3 *6	Vertical	Basic	10 to 150	20 to 300*4	10 to 150	20 to 300*4	
Actuator specifications		vertical	Compact		_	10 to 150	20 to 300*4	
g	Pushing speed	[mm/s]	*5	10	20	10	20	
힏	Acceleration/De	celerat	ion [mm/s²]	3000				
La	Backlash [mm]			0.2 or less				
ct	Positioning rep	eatabili	ty [mm]	±0.05				
	Lost motion [m	m]* <sup>7</sup>		0.2 or less				
	Impact/Vibration	resistan	ce [m/s²]*8	50/20				
	Actuation type			Slide screw				
	Guide type			Linear guide				
	Max. operating	frequen	cy [c.p.m]	60				
	Operating temper	erature i	range [°C]		5 to	40		
	Operating humi	dity ran	ige [%RH]	9	00 or less (No	condensation	<b>า</b> )	
(0	Motor size				20		28	
٦٤	Motor type			•	Step motor (S	ervo/24 VDC	)	
äţ	Encoder (Angular	displac	ement sensor)		Incren	nental		
Electric specifications	Power supply v	oltage [	V]	24 VDC ±10%				
je E	Dower [W]*9		Basic	Max. po	ower 22	Max. po	ower 55	
	Power [W]*9		Compact		_	Max. po	ower 45	
	,							

- \*1 Pushing force accuracy is LEPS6: ±30% (F.S.), LEPS10: ±25%(F.S.). Refer to pages 508 and 509 for the detailed setting range and precautions. The pushing force and the duty ratio change according to the set value. Check the "Pushing Force Set Value-Force Graph (Guide)" on page 497 and [14] on page 509.
- \*2 The maximum value of the work load for the positioning operation. Check the "Dynamic Allowable Moment" graph for the allowable moment of the guide on pages 498 and 499.
- \*3 Speed changes according to the work load. Check the "Speed-Work Load Graph (Guide)" on page 497.
- \*4 When the stroke is 25 mm, the maximum speed will be 250 mm/s.
- \*5 Set to the pushing speed when pushing operation.
- \*6 The speed and force may change depending on the cable length, load and mounting conditions. Furthermore, if the cable length exceeds 5 m, then it will decrease by up to 10% for each 5 m. (At 15 m: Reduced by up to 20%)
- \*7 A reference value for correcting an error in reciprocal operation
- \*8 Impact resistance: No malfunction occurred when the actuator was tested with a drop tester in both an axial direction and a perpendicular direction to the lead screw. (The test was performed with the actuator in the initial state.) Vibration resistance: No malfunction occurred in a test ranging between 45 to 2000 Hz. The test was performed in both an axial direction and a perpendicular direction to the lead screw. (The test was performed with the actuator in the initial state.)
- \*9 Indicates the max. power during operation (including the controller) This value can be used for the selection of the power supply.

## Construction



**Component Parts** 

No.	Description	Material	Note
1	Body	Aluminum alloy	Anodized
2	Screw shaft	Stainless steel	Heat treatment + Special treatment
3	Screw nut	Stainless steel	Heat treatment + Special treatment
4	Table	Aluminum alloy	Anodized
5	Linear guide	_	
6	Rod	Stainless steel	
7	Spider	NBR	
8	Hub	Aluminum alloy	
9	Socket	Free cutting carbon steel	Nickel plating
10	Bearing stopper	Size 6: Aluminum alloy	
10	bearing stopper	Size 10: Carbon steel	
11	Motor plate	Aluminum alloy	Anodized
12	Guide ring	Aluminum alloy	Size 10 only
13	Bearing	_	
14	Bushing	Bearing alloy	
15	Soft wiper	_	
16	Step motor (Servo/24 VDC)	_	

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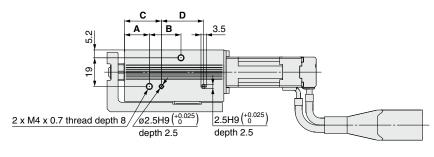
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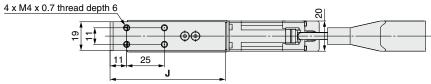
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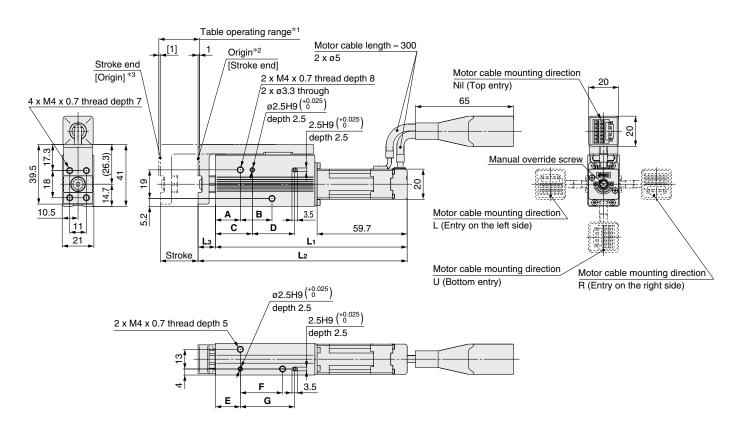


## **Dimensions**

## LEPS6







- \*1 This is the range within which the table can move when it returns to origin.
- Make sure workpieces mounted on the table do not interfere with the workpieces and facilities around the table.
- \*2 Position after returning to origin
  \*3 [ ] for when the direction of return to origin has changed

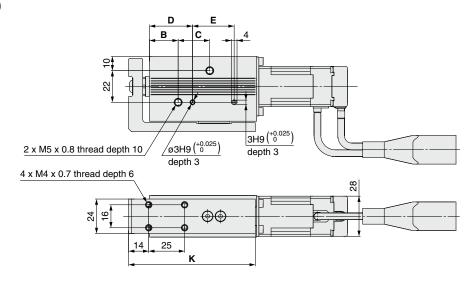
<b>Dimensions</b>											[mm]
Model	L <sub>1</sub>	L2	Lз	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	J
LEPS6□-25□	127.1	138.6	11.5	16.5	21	24.5	28	16.5	28	36	76.4
LEPS6□-50□	156.6	169.6	13	22	45	30	52	22	52	60	107.4

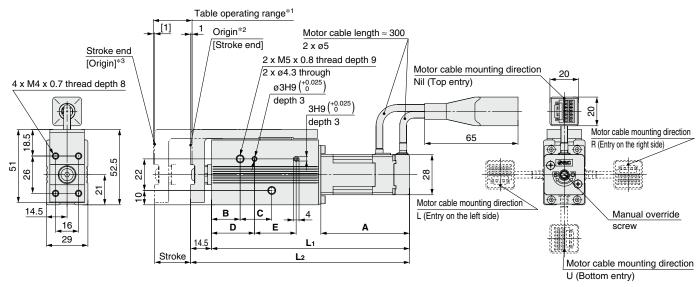


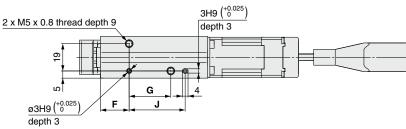
# Electric Actuator Miniature Slide Table Type LEPS Series Step Motor (Servo/24 VDC)

## **Dimensions**

## LEPS10







- \*1 This is the range within which the table can move when it returns to origin.

  Make sure workpieces mounted on the table do not interfere with the workpieces and facilities around the table.
- \*2 Position after returning to origin
- \*3 [ ] for when the direction of return to origin has changed

Dimensions											[mm]
Model	L <sub>1</sub>	L2	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	J	K
LEPS10□-25□	138	152.5	61.8	20	22	30	29	20	29	39	88.2
LEPS10□-50□	163	177.5	61.6	24	43	34	50	24	50	60	113.2
LEPS10L□-25□	124	138.5	47.8	20	22	30	29	20	29	39	88.2
LEPS10L□-50□	149	163.5	47.8	24	43	34	50	24	50	60	113.2

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# LEPY/LEPS Series

# **Specific Product Precautions 1**



Be sure to read this before handling the products. Refer to page 984 for safety instructions, pages 985 to 990 for electric actuator precautions.

#### **Design / Selection**

## 

1. Do not apply a load in excess of the specification limits.

Select a suitable actuator by work load and allowable lateral load on the rod end. If the product is used outside of the specification limits, the eccentric load applied to the rod will be excessive and have adverse effects such as the generation of play on the sliding parts of the rod, reduced accuracy, or reduced service life of the product may occur.

Do not use the product in applications where excessive external force (including vibration) or impact force is applied to it.

Do not apply impact and vibration outside of the specifications. This can cause a malfunction.

- If gravity acts on the workpiece due to vertical mounting, it may drop due to its own weight depending on the conditions when the product is not energized (SVON signal is OFF) or stopped (EMG is not energized).
- Power failure may result in a decrease in the pushing force; ensure that safety measures are in place to prevent injury to the operator or damage to the equipment.

When the product is used for clamping, the clamping force could be decreased due to power failure, potentially creating a hazardous situation in which the workpiece is released.

5. This product cannot be used as a stopper.

Excessive load acts on the actuator, which adversely affects the operation and the life of the product.

## Mounting

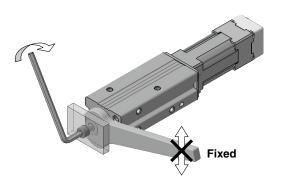
## 

 Do not drop or hit the actuator to avoid scratching and denting the mounting surfaces.

Even a slight deformation can cause the deterioration of accuracy and operation failure.

When mounting workpieces or attachments to the rod end, hold the flats of the rod end with a wrench so that the rod does not rotate (Rod type only).

When attaching a nut or workpiece to the end of the rod, hold the flats of the rod end with a wrench (the rod should be fully retracted). Do not apply tightening torque to the rod non-rotating mechanism. The rod is manufactured to precise tolerances, so even a slight deformation may cause a malfunction and damage.



#### Mounting

## **⚠** Warning

3. When mounting a bolt, workpieces, or attachment to the rod end, the bolt should be tightened with a torque within the specified range (Rod type only).

Tightening to a torque higher than the specified value may cause a malfunction due to the deformation of the component, whilst under-tightening can cause displacement of the mounting position or in extreme conditions detaching of the workpiece. If the bolt is screwed in more than the maximum depth, the lead screw will be damaged, leading to operation failure.



Model Thread size		Max. tightening torque [N·m]	Max. screw-in depth [mm]	Rod end width across flats [mm]
LEPY6	M4 x 0.7	1.4	7	10
LEPY10	M5 x 0.8	3.0	9	12

 The angular position of the rod end flats cannot be changed because the rod has a non-rotating mechanism inside (Rod type only).

The angular position of the rod end flats is not specified; it depends on the actuator type.

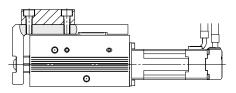
The rod rotates slightly due to the clearance of the non-rotating mechanism: Install the bolt or workpiece with consideration to the rotation

When attaching the workpiece to the table, hold the table and tighten the screws with a torque within the specified range (Slide table type only).

The table is supported by a linear guide, do not apply impact or moment when mounting the work load.

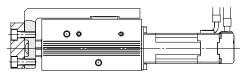
If the screws are screwed to more than the maximum screw-in depth, it may lead to a malfunction due to damage of the linear guide or body.

## **Top mounting**



Model	Screw size	Max. tightening torque [N⋅m]	Max. screw-in depth [mm]
LEPS6	M4 x 0.7	1.4	6
LEPS10	M4 x 0.7	1.4	6

#### Front mounting



Model	Screw size	Max. tightening torque [N⋅m]	Max. screw-in depth [mm]
LEPS6	M4 x 0.7	1.4	7
LEPS10	M4 x 0.7	1.4	8





# LEPY/LEPS Series

# **Specific Product Precautions 2**

Be sure to read this before handling the products. Refer to page 984 for safety instructions, pages 985 to 990 for electric actuator precautions.

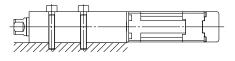
## Mounting

## **⚠** Warning

6. When mounting the product, tighten the mounting screws within the specified torque range.

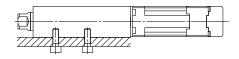
Tightening the screws with a higher torque than recommended may result in a malfunction, while tightening with a lower torque can result in the displacement of the mounting position or, in extreme conditions, the actuator could become detached from its mounting position.

#### Side mounting (Body mounting through-hole)



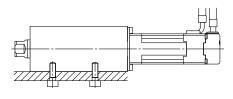
Model	Screw size	Max. tightening torque [N⋅m]
LEPY6	M3 x 0.5	0.9
LEPS6	IVIS X U.S	0.9
LEPY10	M4 x 0.7	1.4
LEPS10	1VI4 X U.7	1.4

#### Side mounting (Body tapped)



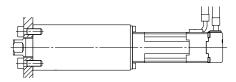
Model	Screw size	Max. tightening torque [N·m]	Max. screw-in depth [mm]	
LEPY6	M4 x 0.7	1.4	7	
LEPS6	1014 X U.7	1.4		
LEPY10	M5 x 0.8	0.0	0	
LEPS10	I IVIS X U.6	3.0	9	

#### **Bottom mounting (Body tapped)**



Model	Screw size	Max. tightening torque [N⋅m]	Max. screw-in depth [mm]	
LEPY6	M4 x 0.7	1.4	_	
LEPS6	IVI4 X U.7	1.4	5	
LEPY10	M5 x 0.8	3.0	_	
LEPS10	O.U X CIVI	3.0	9	

### Rod side mounting (Rod type only)



Model Screw size M		Max. tightening torque [N·m]	Max. screw-in depth [mm]	
LEPY6	M4 x 0.7	1.4	7	
LEPY10	M5 x 0.8	3.0	9	

7. When it is necessary to operate the product by the manual override screw, check the position of the manual override and leave necessary space.

Do not apply excessive torque to the manual override screw. Failure to do so may result in damage or malfunction.

# 8. When an external guide is used, connect it in such a way that no impact or load is applied to it.

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This may cause a malfunction due to an increase in sliding resistance, or use a freely moving connector (such as a floating joint).

## Handling

## **⚠** Caution

 To conduct a pushing operation, be sure to set the product to [Pushing operation].

Do not allow a workpiece to collide with the rod/table during the positioning operation or within the positioning range.

Failure to do so may result in damage lead to or malfunction. If the operation is interrupted or stopped during the cycle: When the pushing operation command is output immediately after restarting the operation, the direction of movement depends on the position of restart.

2. Use the product within the specified pushing speed range for the pushing operation.

Failure to do so may result in damage or malfunction.

Model	Lead	Pushing speed [mm/s]
LEPY6	4	10
LEPS6	8	20
LEPY10	5	10
LEPS10	10	20

- 3. For pushing operations, ensure that the force is applied in the direction of the rod axis.
- 4. The moving force should be the initial value.

If the moving force is set below the initial value, it may cause the generation of an alarm.

Model	Motor size	Moving force [%]	
LEPY6	Basic	150	
LEPS6	Dasic	150	
LEPY10	Basic	150	
LEPS10	Compact	150	

The actual speed of this actuator is affected by the load.

Check the model selection section of the catalog.

6. Do not scratch or dent the sliding parts of the rod, by striking or attaching objects.

The rod is manufactured to precise tolerances, even a slight deformation may cause a malfunction.

7. Avoid using the electric actuator in such a way that rotational torque would be applied to the rod.

It may cause deformation of the non-rotating sliding part, leading to clearance in the internal guide or an increase in the sliding resistance. Refer to the table below for the approximate values of the allowable range of rotational torque.

Allowable ro	tational	LEPY6□	LEPY10□
torque [N·m]	or less	0.04	0.08



# LEPY/LEPS Series



# **Specific Product Precautions 3**

Be sure to read this before handling the products. Refer to page 984 for safety instructions, pages 985 to 990 for electric actuator precautions.

### Handling

## **⚠** Caution

8. Do not operate by fixing the rod and moving the actuator body.

Excessive load will be applied to the rod, leading to damage to the actuator and reduced the life of the product.

#### 9. Return to origin

- Do not apply a load, impact, or resistance in addition to the transferred load during return to origin.
  - Additional force will cause the displacement of the origin position since it is based on the detected motor torque.
- 2) When the return to origin is set with <Basic parameter> [Origin offset], it is necessary to change the current position of the product. Recheck the value of step data.
- 3) It is recommended to set the directions of return to origin and pushing in the same direction in order to enhance the measurement accuracy during the pushing operation.

#### 10. There is no backlash effect in the pushing operation.

The return to origin is done by the pushing operation.

The position can be displaced by the effect of the backlash during the positioning operation.

Take the backlash into consideration when setting the position.

#### <Backlash>

Model	Backlash [mm]	
LEPY6	0.2 or less	
LEPS6	0.2 or less	
LEPY10	0.2 or less	
LEPS10	0.2 or less	

#### Never allow the rod/table to collide with the stroke end except during return to origin.

This may damage the inner parts.

#### 12. INP output signal

1) Positioning operation

When the product comes within the set range of the step data [In position], the INP output signal will turn ON. Initial value: Set to [0.50] or higher.

2) Pushing operation

When the effective pushing force exceeds the step data [Trigger LV], the INP output signal will turn ON.

When [Pushing force] setting and [Trigger LV] are set less than [Pushing force], use the product within the specified range of the [Pushing force] and [Trigger LV].

- a) To ensure that the actuator pushes the workpieces with the set [Pushing force], it is recommended that the [Trigger LV] be set to the same value as the [Pushing force].
- b) If the [Trigger LV] is set lower than the [operation pushing force (current pushing force) for the pushing operation], the pushing force will exceed the trigger LV from the pushing start position and the INP output signal will turn ON before pushing the workpieces. Increase the pushing force, or change the work load so that the current pushing force becomes smaller than the trigger LV.

## <Pushing force and trigger LV range>

Model	Motor size	Pushing force set value [%]
LEPY6 LEPS6	Basic	70 to 100
LEPY10	Basic	50 to 100
LEPS10	Compact	60 to 100

# 13. For pushing operations, set the product to a position at least 0.5 mm away from a workpiece. (This position is referred to as the pushing start position.)

The following alarms may be generated and operation may become unstable if setting is not done correctly.

#### a. "Posn failed"

The product cannot reach the pushing start position due to variations in the width of workpieces.

#### b. "Pushing ALM"

The product is pushed back from the pushing start position after starting to push.

#### c. "Deviation over flow"

Displacement exceeding the specified value is generated at the pushing start position.

## 14. For pushing operations, use the product within the duty ratio range below.

The duty ratio is the fraction of time that the product can keep pushing.

	Model	Motor size	Pushing force set value [%]	Duty ratio [%]	Continuous pushing time [min]
	LEPY6 LEPS6		70	100	_
		Basic	80	70	10
			100	50	5

Model	Motor size	Pushing force set value [%]	Duty ratio [%]	Continuous pushing time [min]
LEPY10 LEPS10	0	60 or less	100	_
	Racic	70	30	3
	U	100	15	1

Model	Motor size	Pushing force set value [%]	Duty ratio [%]	Continuous pushing time [min]
LEPY10 LEPS10		70 or less	100	_
	Compact	80	70	10
		100	50	5

15. When mounting the product, secure a bending diameter of 40 mm or longer for the motor cable.

## Maintenance

## **⚠** Warning

 Ensure that the power supply is stopped and the workpiece is removed before starting maintenance work or replacing the product.

